



# Piksi® Multi

## Product Summary



### Multi-Band, Multi-Constellation Centimeter-Accurate GNSS

The Pixsi Multi GNSS receiver from Swift Navigation. Its dual-frequency operation offers fast RTK convergence times and reliable, centimeter-accurate results at a breakthrough price.

#### Centimeter-Level Accuracy

Autonomous systems require precision navigation—especially those that perform critical functions. Swift Navigation solutions utilize real-time kinematics (RTK) technology, providing location solutions that are 100 times more accurate than traditional GPS.

#### Fast Convergence Times

Multiple signal bands enable fast convergence times to high-precision mode. Single band RTK systems converge in minutes, while Pixsi Multi converges to a high-precision solution within seconds. This allows for much faster system start times, as well as faster reacquisition, which is critical to robotic systems.

#### Robust Positioning Performance

Piksi Multi supports GPS L1/L2 and GLONASS G1/G2 for RTK measurements and positioning and SBAS for robust sub-meter positioning in non-RTK mode. It is hardware-ready for simultaneous reception of the other two global GNSS constellations: BeiDou and Galileo. Additional constellations create more robust positioning performance in a variety of challenging skyview environments. Integrated MEMS oscillator technology enhances robustness under vibration and shock. Integrated MEMS IMU technology allows for sensor fusion techniques that enhance positioning performance.

#### Open Platform

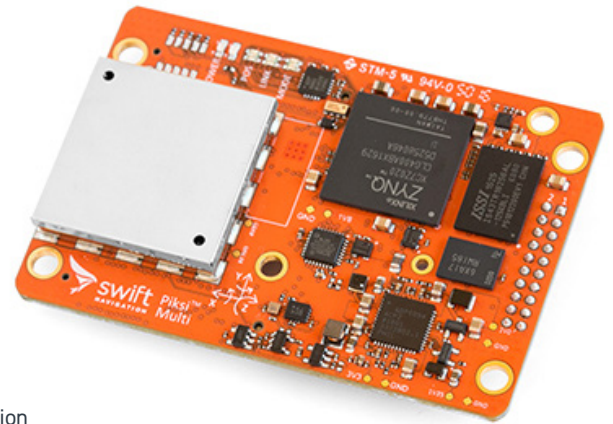
Piksi Multi features a powerful Xilinx Zynq® processor with an FPGA and dual-core ARM® Cortex®-A9 processors. Plenty of computational headroom and on-board Linux enable seamless integration of customer applications.

#### Rapid Prototyping

Piksi Multi is designed to be easy to use. The Pixsi Multi Evaluation Kit includes: 2 Pixsi Multi GNSS Modules; 2 integrator-friendly Evaluation Boards; 2 GNSS survey grade antennas; 2 powerful radios and integration accessories. Pixsi Multi features multiple high-density I/O connectors, providing an enhanced and improved integration experience.

#### Breakthrough Price

Swift Navigation is built on the notion that highly-precise RTK solutions should be offered at an affordable price. Pixsi Multi embraces the foundation of unmatched affordability and is available at a much lower cost than comparable systems.



### Benefits

- Fast RTK Convergence Times
- Highly-Competitive Pricing
- Easy Integration into a Variety of Applications
- Future-Proof Hardware with In-Field Software Upgrades
- Onboard Linux Allows Flexibility

### Features

- Dual Frequency and Dual Constellation
- Up to 20 Hz Solution Rates
- Advanced MEMS Oscillator Technology
- Raw IMU Data Stream Through On-Board MEMS IMU
- Flexible Interfaces Including UART, Ethernet, CAN<sup>5</sup> and USB

# Piksi Multi

## GNSS Characteristics

### GNSS Signal Tracking

GPS L1/L2, GLONASS G1/G2<sup>1</sup>  
SBAS<sup>2</sup>

### GNSS Data Rates

Measurements (Raw Data) Up to 20 Hz  
Standard Position Outputs Up to 20 Hz  
RTK Position Outputs Up to 10 Hz<sup>3</sup>  
Swift Binary Protocol (SBP) and NMEA-0183

### Maximum Operating Limits<sup>4</sup>

Altitude 18,000 m  
Velocity 515 m/s

## Electrical & I/O

### Power

Input Voltage 5 - 15 V DC  
Typical Power Consumption<sup>5</sup> 2.9 W

### Antenna LNA Power Specifications

Output Voltage 4.85 V DC  
Max Output Current 100 mA

### Connectors

1 x 20 Pin SAMTEC Connector (PN: TMM-110-03-F-D)  
2 x 60 Pin High Density Connectors (PN: 61082-061400LF)  
1 x MMCX Female Antenna Port

### Communication Interfaces

2 x UART-LVTTL Ports (1 Mbps)  
2 x CAN<sup>6</sup> Bus (1 Mbps)  
Ethernet support up to 100Mbps  
2 x USB 2.0 (1 Device, 1 Host)

## Physical & Environmental

### Dimensions<sup>7</sup>

48 mm x 71 mm x 12.4 mm  
Form factor compatible with common GNSS modules

### Weight

26 g

### Temperature<sup>8</sup>

Operating -40° C to +85° C  
Storage -40° C to +85° C

### Humidity

95% non-condensing as measured by MIL-STD-810G, Method 507.5 Procedure II

### Vibration (Operating and Survival)

Random MIL-STD 810G, Method 514.6 (Category 24, 7.7 g RMS)  
Sinusoidal IEC 60068-2-6 (Test Fc-5g)

### Mechanical Shock

Operating MIL-STD 810G, Method 516.6, Procedure I (40 g)  
Survival MIL-STD-810G, Method 516.6, Procedure V (75 g)

## Position Performance Specifications

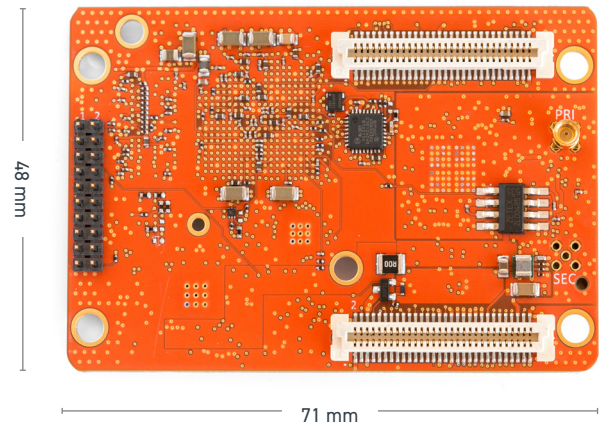
### Position, Velocity & Time Accuracy

Horizontal Position Accuracy (CEP 50 in SBAS Mode) 0.75 m<sup>9</sup>  
Velocity Accuracy 0.03 m/s RMS  
Time Accuracy 60 ns RMS  
Real Time Kinematic (RTK Accuracy 1 $\sigma$ )  
- Horizontal 0.010 m + 1 ppm  
- Vertical 0.015 m + 1 ppm  
RTK Initialization Parameters  
- Initialization Time < 10 s  
- Initialization Reliability > 99%  
- Solution Latency < 30 ms

### Time to First Fix (TTFF) Specifications<sup>9</sup>

Hot Start <sup>10</sup>	Cold Start <sup>11</sup>	Re-acquisition <sup>12</sup>
< 5 s	< 60 s	< 2 s

### Actual Size



## Packaging & Accessories

Visit the Swift online store at [www.swiftnav.com](http://www.swiftnav.com)

### Piksi Multi Evaluation Kit

Designed to provide a seamless easy-to-use RTK positioning experience through a single kit consisting of 2 Piksi Multi GNSS Modules; 2 Evaluation Boards; 2 GNSS survey grade antennas; 2 powerful radios and all other required integration accessories.

### Piksi Multi GNSS Receiver Pack

Quick integration packs designed both for customers seeking to create custom RTK solutions for unique projects or for seasoned RTK systems integrators.

### Piksi Multi GNSS Module

Designed for the experienced systems integrator and the large volume enterprise customer.

<sup>1</sup> Hardware-ready for BeiDou B1/B2, Galileo E1/E5b, QZSS L1/L2. Piksi Multi GNSS Module has the RF front end to receive these signals but there are no precise implementation dates for future satellite systems.

<sup>2</sup> SBAS Support includes the United States-based Wide Area Augmentation Systems (WAAS), the pan-European Union-based European Geostationary Navigation Overlay Navigation System (EGNOS), the Japanese Multifunctional Transport Satellites (MTSAT) Satellite Augmentation System (MSAS) providing coverage for Japan and Australia and the GPS-Aided GEO Augmented Navigation (GAGAN) regional system operated by the Indian government.

<sup>3</sup> Current FW supports 10Hz GPS L1/L2C + GLN G1/G2 (low latency) or 5 Hz GPS L1/L2C + GLN G1/G2 (time matched).

<sup>4</sup> As required by the U.S. Department of Commerce to comply with export licensing restrictions.

<sup>5</sup> Typical power consumption by module in L1/L2 RTK positioning mode.

<sup>6</sup> The CAN implementation Bus on Piksi Multi is currently hardware ready and is electrically verified. We do not support any specific CAN output protocol (eg. J1939) and have no immediate plans to do so. To help customers design specific CAN protocols, we have plans to release open Linux documentation to help integrators implement their own CAN messages.

<sup>7</sup> A hardware update on the Piksi Multi to use a higher grade CPU with better thermal characteristics was implemented, resulting in 0.4mm height increase of the Piksi Multi. Contact customer support for more information on this.

<sup>8</sup> The use of an on-board heat sink may be required only in some rare cases. The module ships with a provided heat sink attachment.

<sup>9</sup> In open sky and strong signals conditions.

<sup>10</sup> Hot Start is the time taken by the receiver to achieve a standard position fix after a brief outage. For example, the time taken to fix a position for a car that is exiting a long tunnel. This can also be simulated by a simple RF on/off test with outages between 30 and 50 seconds.

<sup>11</sup> Cold Start is the time taken by the receiver to achieve a standard position fix after a prolonged outage. For example, the time taken to achieve a position fix for a car that has been parked overnight in a garage and once it sees the sky view for the first time.

<sup>12</sup> Re-acquisition is defined as the time taken to re-acquire position lock after brief moment of outage. For example, a car traveling under a freeway/highway overpass. This can also be simulated by a simple RF on/off test with outages between 1 and 5 seconds.